



LEISTUNGSERKLÄRUNG



Nr. 0048 – DE

1. Eindeutiger Kenncode des Produkttyps: **fischer Rahmendübel SXR/SXRL**

2. Verwendungszweck(e):

Produkt	Verwendungszweck (e)
Kunststoffdübel für die Verwendung in Beton und Mauerwerk	Zur Verwendung in Systemen, wie z.B. Fassadensystemen, zur Befestigung oder Verankerung von Elementen, die zur Stabilität der Systeme beitragen, siehe Anhang, insbesondere Anhänge B 1 bis B 4

3. Hersteller: **fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG, Klaus-Fischer-Straße 1, 72178 Waldachtal, Deutschland**

4. Bevollmächtigter: --

5. System(e) zur Bewertung und Überprüfung der Leistungsbeständigkeit: **2+**

6a. Harmonisierte Norm: ---

Notifizierte Stelle(n): ---

6b. Europäisches Bewertungsdokument: **ETAG 020, 2012-03**

Europäische Technische Bewertung: **ETA-07/0121; 2015-04-10**

Technische Bewertungsstelle: **DIBt**

Notifizierte Stelle(n): **1343 – MPA Darmstadt**

7. Erklärte Leistung(en):

**Brandschutz (BWR 2)**

Wesentliches Merkmal	Leistung
Brandverhalten	Der Dübel erfüllt die Anforderungen der Klasse A 1
Feuerwiderstand	Siehe Anhang, insbesondere Anhang C 2

**Sicherheit und Barrierefreiheit bei der Nutzung (BWR 4)**

Wesentliches Merkmal	Leistung
Charakteristische Werte für Zug- und Querbeanspruchung	Siehe Anhang, insbesondere Anhänge C
Charakteristische Biegemomente	Siehe Anhang, insbesondere Anhang C 1
Verschiebungen unter Zug- und Querbeanspruchung	Siehe Anhang, insbesondere Anhang C 2
Dübelabstände und Bauteilabmessungen	Siehe Anhang, insbesondere Anhang B 2 – B 3

8. Angemessene Technische Dokumentation und/oder Spezifische Technische Dokumentation: ---

Die Leistung des vorstehenden Produkts entspricht der erklärten Leistung/den erklärten Leistungen. Für die Erstellung der Leistungserklärung im Einklang mit der Verordnung (EU) Nr. 305/2011 ist allein der obengenannte Hersteller verantwortlich.

Unterzeichnet für den Hersteller und im Namen des Herstellers von:

Andreas Bucher, Dipl.-Ing.

Wolfgang Hengesbach, Dipl.-Ing., Dipl.-Wirtsch.-Ing.

Tumlingen, 2015-04-20

- Diese Leistungserklärung wurde in verschiedenen Sprachversionen erstellt. Für den Fall unterschiedlicher Auslegung hat immer die englische Version Vorrang.
- Der Anhang enthält freiwillige und ergänzende Informationen in englischer Sprache. Diese gehen über die (sprachneutral angegebenen) gesetzlichen Anforderungen hinaus.

## Specific Part

### 1 Technical description of the product

The fischer frame fixing in the range SXR 8, SXR 10 and SXRL 10 is a plastic anchor consisting of a plastic sleeve made of polyamide and an accompanying specific screw of galvanised steel, of galvanised steel with an additional Duplex-coating or of stainless steel.

The plastic sleeve is expanded by screwing in the specific screw which presses the sleeve against the wall of the drilled hole.

The product description is given in Annex A.

### 2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the anchors of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

### 3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

#### 3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

The essential characteristics regarding mechanical resistance and stability are included under the Basic Works Requirement Safety in use.

#### 3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Anchorage satisfy requirements for Class A 1
Resistance to fire	See Annex C 2

#### 3.3 Hygiene, health and the environment (BWR 3)

Not applicable

#### 3.4 Safety and accessibility (BWR 4)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance for tension and shear loads	See Annexes C
Characteristic resistance for bending moments	See Annex C 1
Displacements under shear and tension loads	See Annex C 2
Anchor distances and dimensions of members	See Annex B 2 – B 3

**3.5 Protection against noise (BWR 5)**

Not applicable

**3.6 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6)**

Not applicable

**3.7 Sustainable use of natural resources (BWR 7)**

The sustainable use of natural resources was not investigated.

**3.8 General aspects**

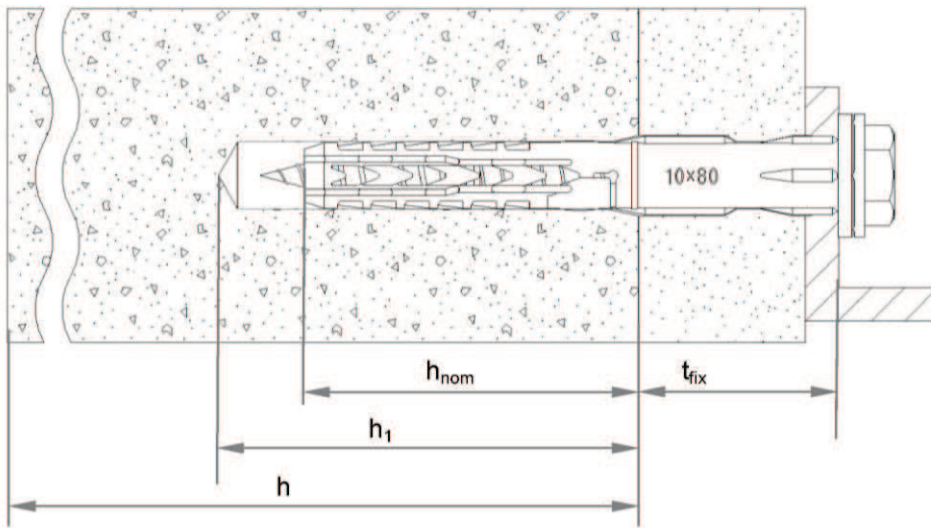
The verification of durability is part of testing the essential characteristics. Durability is only ensured if the specifications of intended use according to Annex B are taken into account.

**4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base**

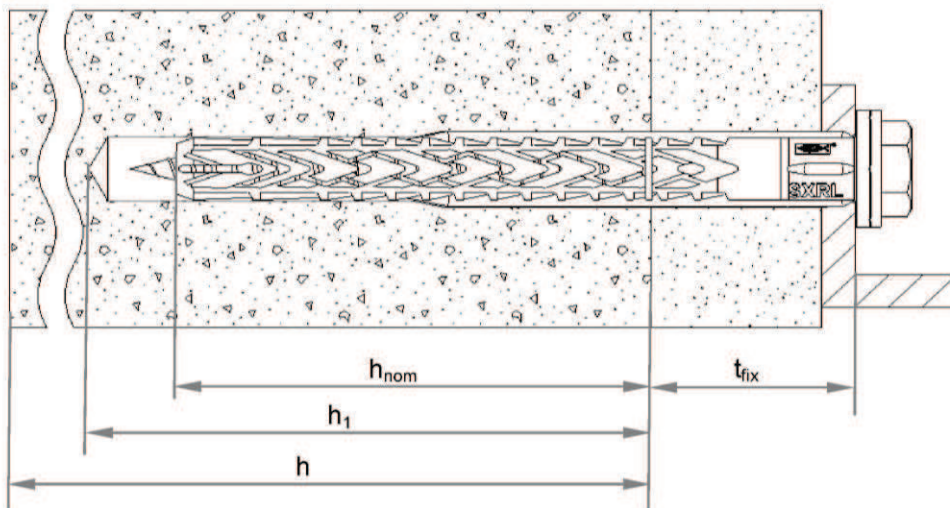
According to Decision 97/463/EC of the Commission of 27 June 1997 (Official Journal of the European Communities L 198 of 25.07.1997, p. 31–32) the system of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) (see Annex V and Article 65 Paragraph 2 to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) given in the following table applies.

<b>Product</b>	<b>Intended use</b>	<b>Level or class</b>	<b>System</b>
Plastic anchors for use in concrete and masonry	For use in systems, such as façade systems, for fixing or supporting elements which contribute to the stability of the systems	—	2+

**SXR**



**SXRL**



**Legend**

- $h_{nom}$  = overall plastic anchor embedment depth in the base material
- $h_1$  = depth of drill hole to deepest point
- $h$  = thickness of member (wall)
- $t_{fix}$  = thickness of fixture and / or non-load bearing layer

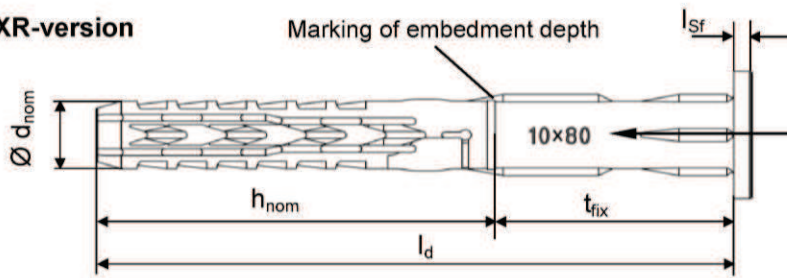
fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

**Product description**  
Installed anchor

**Annex A 1**

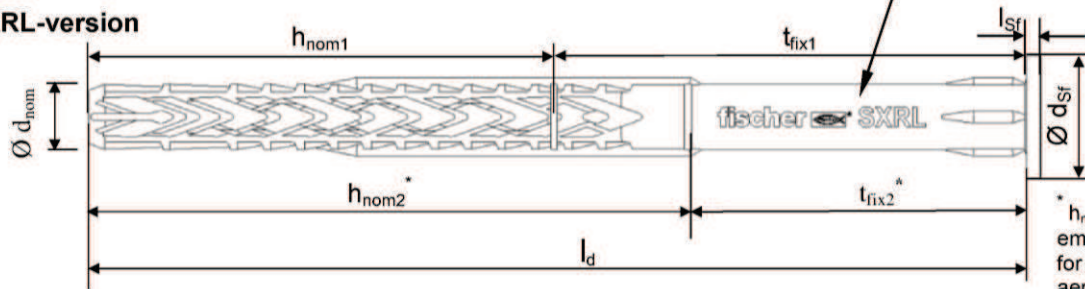
**Anchor sleeves – flat collar versions of SXR and SXRL**

**SXR-version**



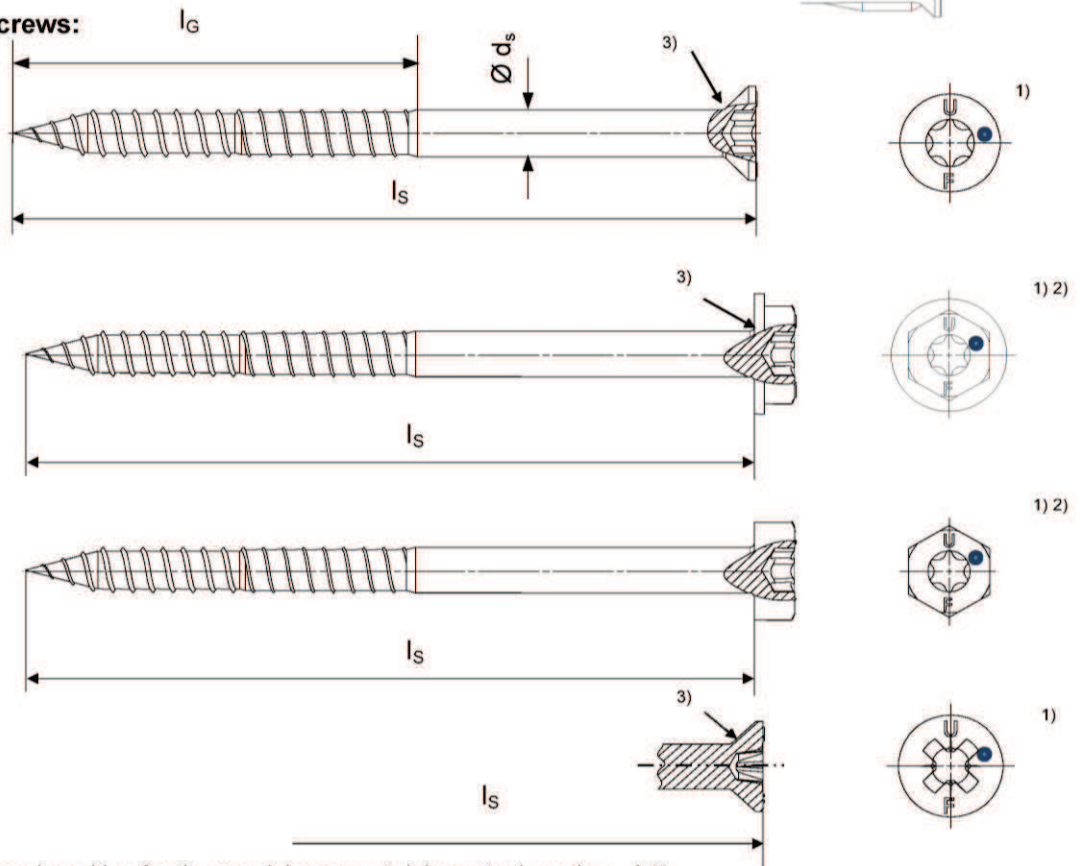
Marking:  
 Brand  
 Anchor type  
 Size  
 e.g. SXR 10x80  
 e.g. SXRL 10x80

**SXRL-version**



**Countersunk version also available for both versions**

**Special screws:**



- 1) Additional marking for the special screw, stainless steel version: „A4“.
- 2) Internal driving feature for Torx bit is optional for hexagonal head
- 3) Optional additional version with underhead ribs

**fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL**

**Product description**  
 Anchor types / specific screws

**Annex A 2**

Table A3.1: Dimensions [mm]

Anchor type	Anchor sleeve					Special screw			
	$h_{nom}$ [mm]	$\varnothing d_{nom}$ [mm]	$t_{fix}$ [mm]	$l_d$ [mm]	$l_{sf}^{3)}$ [mm]	$\varnothing d_{sf}$ [mm]	$\varnothing d_s$ [mm]	$l_G$ [mm]	$l_s$ [mm]
<b>SXR 8</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>8</b>	$\geq 1$	<b>51-360</b>	<b>1,8</b>	<b>15,0</b>	<b>6,0</b>	$\geq 55$	$\geq 57^{2)}$
<b>SXR 10</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>10</b>	$\geq 1$	<b>51-360</b>	<b>2,2</b>	<b>18,5</b>	<b>7,0</b>	$\geq 57$	$\geq 58^{1)}$
<b>SXRL 10</b>	<b>70/90<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>10</b>	$\geq 1$	<b>71/91<sup>4)</sup>-360</b>	<b>2,2</b>	<b>18,5</b>	<b>7,0</b>	$\geq 77$	$\geq 78/98^{1)}$

<sup>1)</sup> To ensure that the screw penetrates the anchor sleeve,  $l_s$  must be  $l_d + l_{sf}^{3)}$  + 7 mm

<sup>2)</sup> To ensure that the screw penetrates the anchor sleeve,  $l_s$  must be  $l_d + l_{sf}^{3)}$  + 6 mm

<sup>3)</sup> Only valid for flat collar version

<sup>4)</sup> Additional for use in aerated concrete

Table A3.2: Materials

Name	Material
Anchor sleeve	Polyamide, PA6, colour grey
Special screw	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Steel gvz A2G or A2F acc. to EN ISO 4042:2001-01</li> <li style="text-align: center;"><b>or</b></li> <li>- Steel gvz A2G or A2F acc. to EN ISO 4042:2001-01 + Duplex-coating type Delta-Seal in three layers (total layer thickness <math>\geq 6 \mu\text{m}</math>)</li> <li style="text-align: center;"><b>or</b></li> <li>- Stainless steel acc. to EN 10 088-3:2014, e.g. 1.4401, 1.4571, 1.4578, 1.4362</li> </ul>

fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

**Product description**  
Dimensions and materials

Annex A 3

## Specifications of intended use

### Anchorage subject to:

- Static and quasi-static loads.
- Multiple fixing of non-structural applications.

### Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete with strength classes  $\geq$  C12/15 (use category "a"), according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Solid brick masonry (use category "b"), according to Annex C3, C7, C8 and C14.  
Note: The characteristic resistance is also valid for larger brick sizes and higher compressive strength of the masonry unit.
- Hollow brick masonry (use category "c"), according to Annex C4 – C6, C9 - C15.
- Autoclaved aerated concrete (use category "d"), according to Annex C16.
- Mortar strength class of the masonry  $\geq$  M2,5 according to EN 998-2:2010.
- For other base materials of the use categories "a", "b", "c" and "d" the characteristic resistance of the anchor may be determined by job site tests according to ETAG 020, Annex B, Edition March 2012.

### Temperature Range:

#### SXR 8 and 10

- c: - 40 °C to 50 °C (max. short term temperature + 50 °C and max long term temperature + 30 °C)
- b: - 40 °C to 80 °C (max. short term temperature + 80 °C and max long term temperature + 50 °C)

#### SXRL 10

- c: - 20 °C to 50 °C (max. short term temperature + 50 °C and max long term temperature + 30 °C)
- b: - 20 °C to 80 °C (max. short term temperature + 80 °C and max long term temperature + 50 °C)

### Use conditions (Environmental conditions):

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions (zinc coated steel, stainless steel).
- The specific screw made of galvanised steel or galvanised steel with an additional Duplex-coating may also be used in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, if the area of the head of the screw is protected against moisture and driving rain after mounting of the fixing unit in this way, that intrusion of moisture into the anchor shaft is prevented. Therefore there shall be an external cladding or a ventilated rainscreen mounted in front of the head of the screw and the head of the screw itself shall be coated with a soft plastic, permanently elastic bitumen-oil-combination coating (e.g. undercoating or body cavity protection for cars).
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) and to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel).

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

### Design:

- The anchorages are to be designed in accordance with the ETAG 020, Annex C under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and masonry work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings shall be prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored, the nature and strength of the base materials and the dimensions of the anchorage members as well as of the relevant tolerances. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings.
- Fasteners are only to be used for multiple use for non-structural application, according to ETAG 020, Edition March 2012.

### Installation:

- Hole drilling by the drilling method according to Annex C3 – C16 for use categories "b", "c" and "d".
- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site.
- Installation temperature from SXR 8/10: -5°C to + 40°C  
SXRL 10: -20°C to + 40°C
- Exposure to UV due to solar radiation of the not protected anchor  $\leq$  6 weeks.

fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

Intended use  
Specifications

Annex B 1

**Table B2.1: Installation parameters**

Anchor type		SXR 8	SXR 10	SXRL 10
Drill hole diameter	$d_0 =$ [mm]	8	10	10
Cutting diameter of drill bit	$d_{cut} \leq$ [mm]	8,45	10,45	10,45
Depth of drill hole to deepest point <sup>1)</sup>	$h_1 \geq$ [mm]	60	60	80/100 <sup>3)</sup>
Overall plastic anchor embedment depth in the base material <sup>1) 2)</sup>	$h_{nom} \geq$ [mm]	50	50	70/90 <sup>3)</sup>
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	$d_f \leq$ [mm]	8,5	10,5/12,5 <sup>4)</sup>	10,5/12,5 <sup>4)</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> See Annex A1.

<sup>2)</sup> If the embedment depth is higher than  $h_{nom}$  given in Table B2.1 (only for hollow and perforated masonry), job site tests have to be carried out according to ETAG 020, Annex C.

<sup>3)</sup> Only for use in aerated concrete.

<sup>4)</sup> See Table Table C2.1.

**Table B2.2: Minimum thickness of member, edge distance and spacing in concrete**

Anchor type		Min. thickness of member $h_{min}$ [mm]	Characteristic edge distance $c_{cr,N}$ [mm]	Characteristic spacing $s_{cr,N}$ [mm]	Min. spacing and edge distances <sup>1)</sup> [mm]
SXR 8	$\geq$ C16/20	100	50	65	$s_{min} = 50$ for $c \geq 50$ $c_{min} = 50$ for $s \geq 50$
	C12/15		70	70	$s_{min} = 70$ for $c \geq 70$ $c_{min} = 70$ for $s \geq 70$
SXR 10	$\geq$ C16/20		100	90	$s_{min} = 50$ for $c \geq 150$ $c_{min} = 60$ for $s \geq 70$
	C12/15		140	100	$s_{min} = 70$ for $c \geq 210$ $c_{min} = 85$ for $s \geq 100$
SXRL 10 <sup>2)</sup>	$\geq$ C16/20	100	100	105	$s_{min} = 50$ for $c \geq 100$ $c_{min} = 50$ for $s \geq 125$
	C12/15		140	120	$s_{min} = 70$ for $c \geq 140$ $c_{min} = 70$ for $s \geq 175$

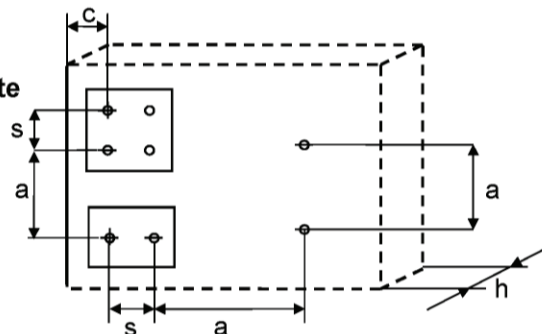
<sup>1)</sup> Intermediate values by linear interpolation.

<sup>2)</sup> Values valid for reinforced concrete.

Please note: Values for non-reinforced-concrete are  $h_{min} = 110$  mm and  $c_{min} = s_{min} = 80$  mm for concrete  $\geq$  C16/20 and  $c_{min} = s_{min} = 110$  mm for C12/15.

Fixing points with a spacing  $a \leq s_{cr,N}$  are considered as a group with a max. characteristic resistance  $N_{Rk,p}$  acc. to Table C1.3. For a spacing  $a > s_{cr,N}$  the anchors are considered as single anchors, each with a characteristic resistance  $N_{Rk,p}$  acc. to Table C1.3

**Scheme of distance and spacing in concrete**



fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

**Intended use**

Installation parameters, edge distances and spacings for use in concrete

**Annex B 2**



**Table B3.1: Minimum distances and dimensions in masonry**

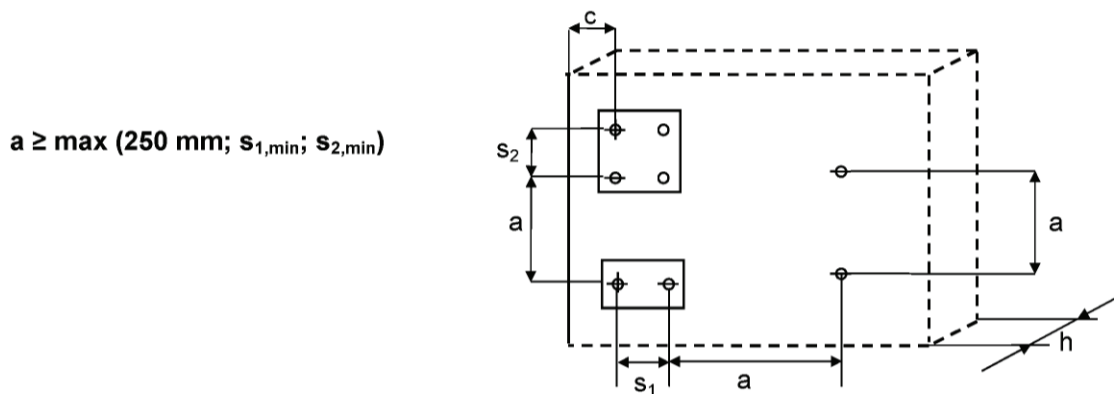
Anchor type			SXR 8	SXR 10	SXRL 10
Minimum thickness of member	$h_{min}$	[mm]	100	100	110
Minimum spacing perpendicular to free edge	$s_{1,min}$	[mm]	100	100	100
Minimum spacing parallel to free edge	$s_{2,min}$	[mm]	100	100	100
Minimum edge distance	$c_{min}$	[mm]	100	100	100

**Table B3.2: Minimum distances and dimensions in AAC**

Anchor type			SXR 10	SXRL 10
Minimum thickness of member	$h_{min}$	[mm]	100	175
Minimum spacing perpendicular to free edge	$s_{1,min}$	[mm]	200	100/120 <sup>1)</sup>
Minimum spacing parallel to free edge	$s_{2,min}$	[mm]	400	100/120 <sup>1)</sup>
Minimum edge distance	$c_{min}$	[mm]	100	100/120 <sup>1)</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> Valid for AAC  $\geq 600 \text{ kg/m}^3$

**Scheme of distance and spacing in masonry and AAC**

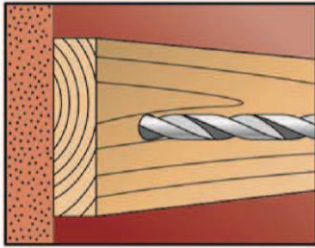


fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

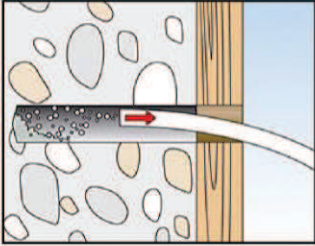
**Intended use**  
Installation parameters, edge distances and spacing's for use in masonry and AAC

**Annex B 3**

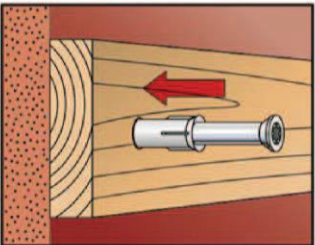
**Installation instructions (the following pictures show fixing through timber)**



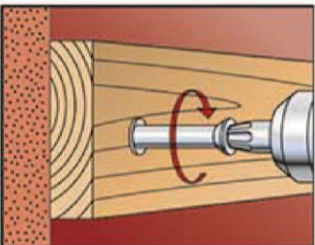
1. Drill the bore hole  $\varnothing$  8 mm (SXR 8) and  $\varnothing$  10 mm (SXR 10 / SXRL 10) using the drill method described in the corresponding annex.



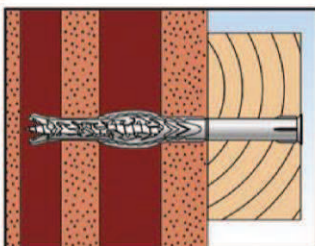
2. Remove dust from borehole.



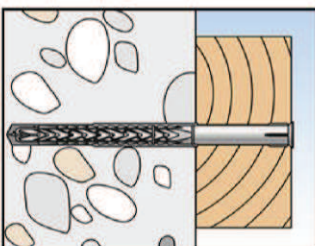
3. Insert anchor (screw and plug) by using a hammer until the collar of the plastic sleeve is flush with the surface of the fixture.



4. The screw is screwed-in until the head of the screw touches the sleeve.



5. Correctly installed anchor in hollow masonry.



6. Correctly installed anchor in concrete.

**fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL**

**Intended use**  
Installation instructions

**Annex B 4**

**Table C1.1: Characteristic bending resistance of the screw**

Anchor type	SXR 8		SXR 10		SXRL 10	
	galvanised steel	stainless steel	galvanised steel	stainless steel	galvanised steel	stainless steel
Material						
Characteristic bending resistance $M_{Rk,s}$ [Nm]	12,4	10,4	20,6	20,6	20,6/ 23,6 <sup>2)</sup>	20,6
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	1,25	1,29	1,25	1,25	1,25	1,25

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

<sup>2)</sup> "High load" screw version on request only for countersunk screws – head marking is ●●

**Table C1.2: Characteristic resistance of the screw**

Failure of expansion element (special screw)	SXR 8		SXR 10		SXRL 10	
	galvanised steel	stainless steel	galvanised steel	stainless steel	galvanised steel	stainless steel
Characteristic tension resistance $N_{Rk,s}$ [kN]	14,8	12,3	21,7	21,7	21,7/ 24,9 <sup>2)</sup>	21,7
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	1,50	1,55	1,55	1,55	1,55	1,55
Characteristic shear resistance $V_{Rk,s}$ [kN]	7,4	6,2	10,8	10,8	10,8/ 12,4 <sup>2)</sup>	10,8
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Ms}$ <sup>1)</sup>	1,25	1,29	1,29	1,29	1,29	1,29

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

<sup>2)</sup> "High load" screw version on request only for countersunk screws – head marking is ●●

**Table C1.3: Characteristic resistance for use in concrete**

Pull-out failure (plastic sleeve)	SXR 8		SXR 10		SXRL 10	
Temperature range	30/50 °C	50/80 °C	30/50 °C	50/80 °C	30/50 °C	50/80 °C
<b>Concrete ≥ C12/15</b>						
Characteristic resistance $N_{Rk,p}$ [kN]	3,0	2,5 / 3,0 <sup>2)</sup>	5,0	4,5	6,5	6,5
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mc}$ <sup>1)</sup>	1,8					

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

<sup>2)</sup> Value corresponds to concrete class ≥ C16/20.

**fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL**

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance and characteristic bending resistance of the screw  
Characteristic resistance for use in concrete

**Annex C 1**

**Table C2.1: Displacements<sup>1)</sup> under tension and shear loading in concrete and masonry**

Anchor type	Tension load <sup>2)</sup>			Shear load <sup>2)</sup>	
	F [kN]	$\delta_{NO}$ [mm]	$\delta_{N\infty}$ [mm]	$\delta_{VO}$ [mm]	$\delta_{V\infty}$ [mm]
<b>SXR 8</b>	1,2	0,65	1,30	1,02	1,53
<b>SXR 10</b>	2,0	1,29	2,58	1,15/3,05 <sup>3)</sup>	1,74/4,58 <sup>3)</sup>
<b>SXRL 10</b>	2,6	1,67	3,34	1,15/3,05 <sup>3)</sup>	1,74/4,58 <sup>3)</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> Valid for all ranges of temperatures.

<sup>2)</sup> Intermediate values by linear interpolation.

<sup>3)</sup> Valid for diameter in the clearance hole  $\leq 12,5$  mm (see Table B2.1).

**Table C2.2: Displacements<sup>1)</sup> under tension und shear loading in autoclaved aerated concrete AAC**

Anchor type	Tension load <sup>2)</sup>			Shear load <sup>2)</sup>	
	F [kN]	$\delta_{NO}$ [mm]	$\delta_{N\infty}$ [mm]	$\delta_{VO}$ [mm]	$\delta_{V\infty}$ [mm]
<b>SXR 10</b>	0,32	0,03	0,06	0,21	0,31
<b>SXRL 10 AAC2</b>	0,32	0,23	0,46	0,64	0,96
<b>SXRL 10 AAC6</b>	1,43	0,65	1,3	2,86	4,29

<sup>1)</sup> Valid for all ranges of temperatures.

<sup>2)</sup> Intermediate values by linear interpolation.

**Table C2.3: Characteristic values under fire exposure in concrete C20/25 to C50/60 in any load direction, no permanent centric tension load and without lever arm**

Anchor type	Fire resistance class	$F_{Rk}$
<b>SXR 10</b>	<b>R 90</b>	0,8 kN
<b>SXRL 10</b>		

**fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL**

**Performances**

Displacements under tension and shear loading in concrete and masonry and AAC,  
Characteristic resistance under fire exposure

**Annex C 2**

**Table C3.1: SXR 8 characteristic resistance  $F_{Rk}$  in [kN] in solid masonry (use category “b”)**

Base material [Supplier Title]	Min. DF or min. size (L x W x H)  [mm]	Bulk density class  $\rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Min. Compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Drill method <sup>1)</sup>	Characteristic resistance $F_{Rk}$ <b>SXR 8</b> [kN]
					50/80 °C
Clay brick Mz, e.g. Mz acc. to DIN 105-100, EN 771-1:2011 e.g. <b>Schlagmann, Mz</b>	3 DF (240x175x113)	$\geq 1,8$	20	H	<b>3,0</b>
			10		<b>2,0</b>
Clay brick Mz, e.g. Mz acc. to DIN 105- 100:2012-01, EN 771-1:2011. e.g. <b>Schlagmann, Mz</b>	NF (240x115x71)	$\geq 1,8$	20	H	<b>2,5</b>
			10		<b>2,0</b>
Clay brick Mz, e.g. Mz acc. to DIN EN 771-1:2011+ A1:2014, e.g. <b>Wienerberger DK, MS</b>	DF (240x115x52)	$\geq 1,8$	28	H	<b>3,0</b>
			20		<b>2,0</b>
			10		<b>1,5</b>
Calcium silicate solid brick e.g. KS acc. to DIN V 106:2005-10, EN 771-2:2011 e.g. <b>KS Wemding, KS</b>	NF (240x115x71)	$\geq 1,8$	20	H	<b>2,5</b>
			10		<b>2,0</b>
	(175x500x235)	$\geq 2,0$	20		<b>3,0</b>
			10		<b>2,5</b>
Lightweight solid brick, e.g. acc. to DIN V 18152-100:2005, EN 771-3:2011 e.g. <b>KLB, V</b>	(240x115x113)	$\geq 1,2$	2	H	<b>0,9</b>
	(240x490x115)	$\geq 1,0$	2		<b>1,2</b>
	(240x490x115)	$\geq 1,8$	8		<b>2,5</b>
			4		<b>1,2</b>
	(240x240x245)	$\geq 1,4$	6		<b>0,9</b>
			4		<b>0,6 / 0,75<sup>2)</sup></b>
Solid block normal concrete VBN acc. to DIN 18153- 100:2005, EN 771-3:2011 e.g. <b>Adolf Blatt, Vbn</b>	(246x240x245)	$\geq 1,8$	12	H	<b>2,5</b>
			8		<b>1,5</b>
			4		<b>0,75</b>
Partial safety factor				$\gamma_{Mm}$ <sup>3)</sup>	<b>2,5</b>

<sup>1)</sup> H = Hammer drilling, R = Rotary drilling.

<sup>2)</sup> The value  $F_{Rk}$  is valid for temperature range 30/50 °C only.

<sup>3)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

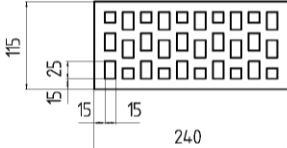
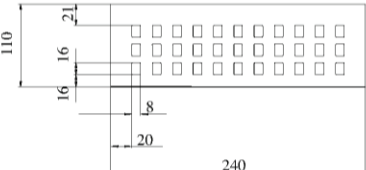
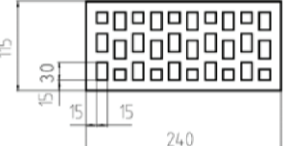
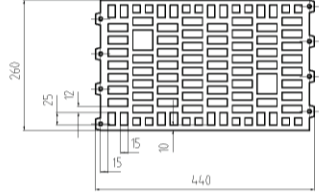
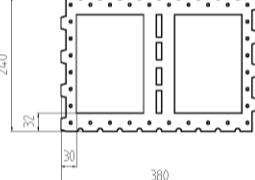
**fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL**

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance SXR 8 for use in solid masonry

**Annex C 3**

**Table C4.1: SXR 8 characteristic resistance  $F_{Rk}$  in [kN] in hollow or perforated masonry ("c")**

Base material [Supplier Title]	Geometry and DF or size (L x W x H) and drilling method  [mm]	min. compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] bulk density $\geq \rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Characteristic resistance $F_{Rk}$ <b>SXR 8</b> [kN]
			50/80 °C
Clay brick Form B, HLz acc. to DIN 105- 100:2012-01, EN 771-1:2011 e.g. <b>Wienerberger, HLz</b>	 2 DF (240x115x113) by rotary drilling	20/1,2	<b>1,2</b>
		8/1,2	<b>0,5</b>
Clay brick, HLz acc. DIN EN 771-1:2011+ A1:2014, e.g. <b>Wienerberger, BS</b>	 DF (240x110x52) by hammer drilling	28/1,5	<b>2,5</b>
		20/1,5	<b>1,2 / 1,5<sup>2)</sup></b>
		10/1,5	<b>0,6 / 0,9<sup>2)</sup></b>
Clay brick Form B, HLz acc. to DIN 105-100:2012-01, EN 771-1:2011 e.g. <b>Schlagmann, HLz</b>	 2 DF (240x115x113) by rotary drilling	12/1,0	<b>0,6</b>
		8/1,0	<b>0,4</b>
	 (260x240x440) by rotary drilling	8/0,9	<b>0,9</b>
		6/0,9	<b>0,6</b>
		4/0,9	<b>0,4</b>
		6/0,7	<b>1,2</b>
Clay brick Form B, HLz acc. to DIN 105-100:2012-01, EN 771-1:2011, <b>Schlagmann</b> <i>Planfüllziegel</i>	 12 DF (380x240x240) by rotary drilling	4/0,7	<b>0,75</b>
		2/0,7	<b>0,4</b>
		Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mm}$ <sup>3)</sup>

Footnotes see Annex C3

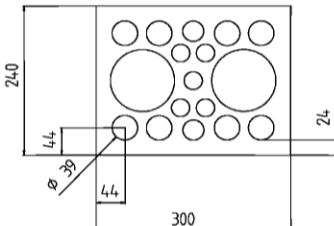
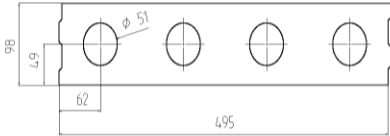
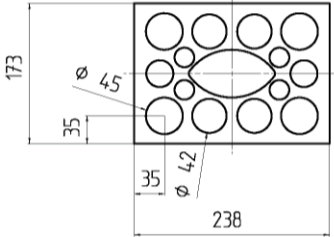
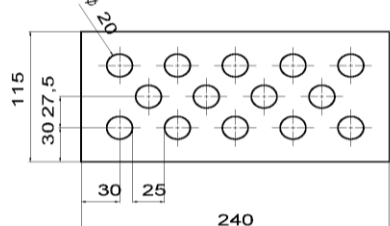
fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance SXR 8 for use in hollow or perforated masonry

**Annex C 4**

**Table C5.1: SXR 8 characteristic resistance  $F_{RK}$  in [kN] in hollow or perforated masonry ("c")**

Base material [Supplier Title]	Geometry and DF or size (L x W x H) and drilling method  [mm]	Min. compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] / bulk density $\geq \rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Characteristic resistance $F_{RK}$ <b>SXR 8</b> [kN]	
			50/80 °C	
Hollow calcium silicate brick acc. to DIN V 106:2005-10, EN 771-2:2011 e.g. <b>KS Wemding, KSL</b>	 <p>5 DF (300x240x115) by hammer drilling</p>	16/1,4	<b>2,0</b>	
		6/1,4	<b>0,75 / 0,9<sup>2)</sup></b>	
	 <p>P10 (495x98x248) by hammer drilling</p>	6/1,2	<b>1,2 / 1,5<sup>2)</sup></b>	
		2/1,2	<b>0,4 / 0,5<sup>2)</sup></b>	
	 <p>3 DF (240x175x113) by hammer drilling</p>	20/1,4	<b>1,2 / 1,5<sup>2)</sup></b>	
		8/1,4	<b>0,5 / 0,6<sup>2)</sup></b>	
	 <p>2 DF (240x115x113) by hammer drilling</p>	12/1,4	<b>2,0</b>	
		6/1,4	<b>0,9</b>	
	Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Mm}$ <sup>3)</sup>	<b>2,5</b>

Footnotes see Annex C3

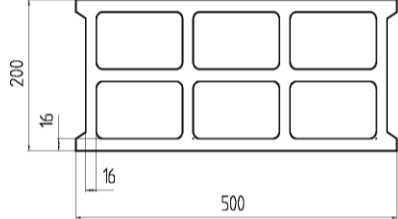
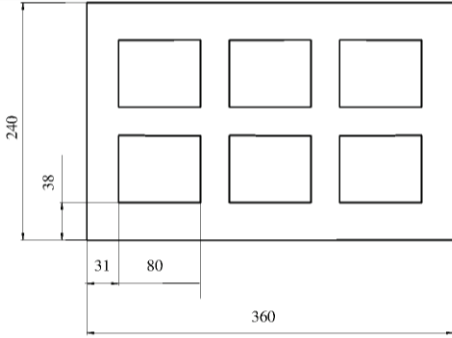
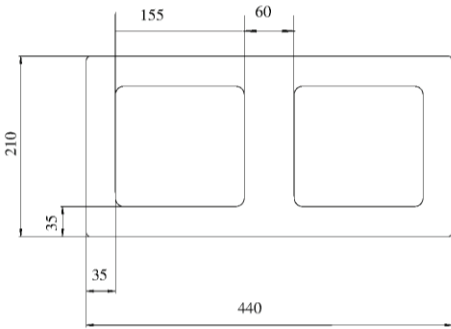
fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

**Annex C 5**

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance SXR 8 for use in hollow or perforated masonry

**Table C6.1: SXR 8 characteristic resistance  $F_{Rk}$  in [kN] in hollow or perforated masonry ("c")**

Base material [Supplier Title]	Geometry and DF or size (L x W x H) and drilling method  [mm]	min. compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] / bulk density $\geq \rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Characteristic resistance $F_{Rk}$ <b>SXR 8</b> [kN]
			50/80 °C
Hollow block lightweight concrete, acc. to NF-P 14- 301, EN 771-3:2011, e.g. <b>Seпа Parpaing, Hbl</b>	 (500x200x200) by rotary drilling	4/0,9	<b>0,3 / 0,4<sup>2)</sup></b>
Hollow brick lightweight concrete, e.g. acc. to DIN V 18151-100:2005-10, EN 771-3:2011, e.g. <b>KLB, Hbl</b>	 (240x240x360) by hammer drilling	6/1,0	<b>1,5</b>
Hollow brick lightweight concrete, e.g. acc. to EN 771-3:2011, e.g. <b>Roadstone masonry</b>	 (440x210x215) by hammer drilling	10/1,2	<b>2,5</b>
		6/1,2	<b>1,5</b>
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Mm}$ <sup>3)</sup>	<b>2,5</b>

Footnotes see Annex C3

fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

Annex C 6

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance SXR 8 for use in hollow or perforated masonry



Table C7.1: SXR 10 / SXRL 10 characteristic resistance  $F_{Rk}$  in [kN] in solid masonry (use category "b")

Base material [Supplier Title]	Min. DF or min. size (L x W x H)  [mm]	Min. compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] / bulk density $\geq \rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Drill method <sup>1)</sup>	Characteristic resistance $F_{Rk}$ [kN]	
				SXR 10 $h_{nom} \geq 50mm$	SXRL 10 $h_{nom} \geq 70mm$
				50/80 °C	50/80 °C
Clay brick, Mz e.g. acc. to DIN 105-100:2012-01, EN 771-1:2011, e.g. <b>Schlagmann, Mz</b>	NF (240x115x71)	36/1,8	H	5,0	4,0 / 5,5 <sup>3)</sup>
		20/1,8		3,0 / 3,5 <sup>4)</sup>	4,0 / 5,5 <sup>3)</sup>
		12/1,8		2,0	4,0 / 5,5 <sup>3)</sup>
		10/1,8		2,0	3,5 / 4,5 <sup>3)</sup>
	3 DF (240x175x113)	20/1,8	H	2,0	-
				4,0 <sup>2)</sup> / 4,5 <sup>2)4)</sup>	-
		10/1,8		1,5	-
				3,0 <sup>2)</sup>	-
Clay brick, Mz e.g. acc. to DIN EN 771-1:2011 + A1:2014, e.g. <b>Wienerberger, MS</b>	DF (240x115x52)	28/1,8	H	3,0	5,5 / 6,5 <sup>3)</sup>
		20/1,8		2,0	4,0 / 4,5 <sup>3)</sup>
		10/1,8		1,2	2,5 / 3 <sup>3)</sup>
Clay brick, Mz e.g. acc. to DIN 105-100:2012-01 EN 771-1:2011	NF (240x111x71)	20/1,8	H	3,0	-
		10/1,8		2,0	-
Calcium silicate solid brick KS e.g. acc. to DIN V 106:2005-10, EN 771-2:2011 e.g. <b>KS Wemding, KS</b>	NF (240x115x71)	20/1,8	H	2,5 / 4,0 <sup>2)</sup>	3,5
		10/1,8		1,5	2,5
	NF (240x115x71)	36/2,0	H	5,0	-
		20/2,0		3,0 / 3,5 <sup>4)</sup>	-
		10/2,0		2,0	-
	(500x175x240)	28/2,0	H	5,0	-
		20/2,0		4,5	-
		12/1,8		-	6,5 / 8,5 <sup>2)</sup>
		10/2,0		3,0	5,5 / 7,0 <sup>2)</sup>
Lightweight solid brick, e.g. acc. to DIN V 18152-100:2005, EN 771-3:2011, e.g. <b>Liapor Super-K</b>	(500x240x248)	2/0,8	R	-	0,5
Partial safety factor			$\gamma_{Mm}$ <sup>5)</sup>	2,5	

<sup>1)</sup> H = Hammer drilling, R = Rotary drilling.

<sup>2)</sup> Only for edge distance  $c \geq 200$  mm; intermediate values by linear interpolation.

<sup>3)</sup> Only for edge distance  $c \geq 150$  mm; intermediate values by linear interpolation.

<sup>4)</sup> The value  $F_{Rk}$  is valid for temperature range 30/50 °C only.

<sup>5)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

Performances

Characteristic resistance SXR 10 / SXRL 10 for use in solid masonry

Annex C 7

**Table C8.1: SXR 10 / SXRL 10 characteristic resistance  $F_{Rk}$  in [kN] in solid masonry (use category "b")**

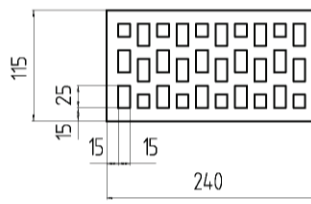
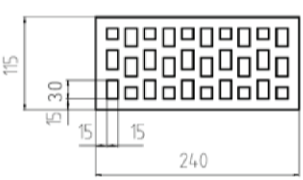
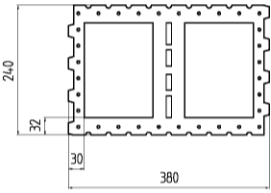
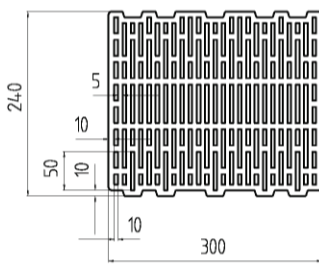
Base material [Supplier Title]	Min. DF or min. size (L x W x H)  [mm]	Min. compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] / bulk density $\geq \rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Drill method <sup>1)</sup>	Characteristic resistance $F_{Rk}$ [kN]	
				SXR 10 $h_{nom} \geq 50mm$	SXRL 10 $h_{nom} \geq 70mm$
				50/80 °C	50/80 °C
Lightweight solid brick, e.g. acc. to DIN V 18152-100:2005 EN 771-3:2011 e.g. <b>KLB</b> , <i>V</i>	2 DF (240x115x113)	4/1,4	H	<b>0,75</b>	<b>2,5</b>
		2/1,2		<b>0,75 / 0,9<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>1,2</b>
	(490x115x240)	2/1,2	H	<b>1,2</b>	<b>1,2</b>
	(250x240x245)	10/1,6	H	<b>2,5</b>	<b>7,5</b>
		6/1,6		<b>2,5</b>	<b>4,5</b>
	(490x115x240)	8/1,6	H	<b>3,0</b>	<b>3,0</b>
	(490x115x240)	12/1,8	H	-	<b>3,0 / 4,5<sup>3)</sup></b>
		8/1,8		-	<b>2,0 / 3,0<sup>3)</sup></b>
Solid block normal concrete VBN acc. to DIN 18153-100:2005, EN 771-3:2011 e.g. <b>Adolf Blatt</b> , <i>Vbn</i>	(250x240x250)	20/1,8	H	<b>4,5</b>	-
		10/1,8		<b>3,0</b>	-
Partial safety factor			$\gamma_{Mm}$ <sup>5)</sup>	<b>2,5</b>	

**Footnotes see Annex C7****fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL  
Performances**

Characteristic resistance SXR 10 / SXRL 10 for use in solid masonry

**Annex C 8**

**Table C9.1: SXR 10 / SXRL 10 characteristic resistance  $F_{RK}$  in [kN] in hollow or perforated masonry (use category "c")**

Base material [Supplier Title]	Geometry and DF or size (L x W x H) and drilling method  [mm]	Min. compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] / bulk density $\rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Characteristic resistance $F_{RK}$ [kN]	
			SXR 10 $h_{nom}$ 50mm	SXRL 10 $h_{nom}$ 70mm
			50/80 °C	50/80 °C
Clay brick Form B, HLz acc. to DIN 105-100:2012-01, EN 771-1:2011 e.g. <b>Wienerberger</b>	 2DF (240x115x113) by rotary drilling	20/1,0	2,0	-
		10/1,0	1,2	-
		20/1,2	2,5 / 3,0 <sup>3)4)</sup>	-
		10/1,2	1,5 / 2,0 <sup>4)</sup>	-
Clay brick HLz acc. to EN 771-1:2011	 (240x115x113) by rotary drilling	28/1,2	-	2,0
		20/1,2	-	1,2
		10/1,2	-	0,6
		12/1,0	0,9	0,75
		10/1,0	0,75	0,6
		8/1,0	0,6	-
Clay brick Form B, HLz acc. to DIN 105-100:2012-01, EN 771-1:2011, e.g. <b>Schlagmann</b> <i>Planfüllziegel</i>	 12 DF(380x240x240) by rotary drilling	6/0,7	2,0	-
Clay brick Form B, HLz acc. to DIN 105-100:2012-01, EN 771-1:2011 e.g. <b>Schlagmann</b> <i>Poroton T14</i>	 (240x300x240) by rotary drilling	6/0,7	0,3 / 0,4 <sup>4)</sup>	0,5
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Mm}$ <sup>5)</sup>	2,5	

Footnotes see Annex C7

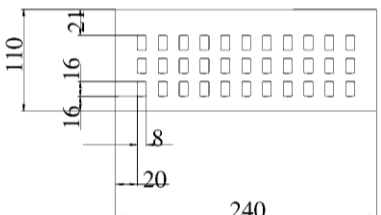
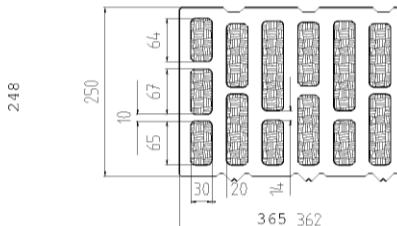
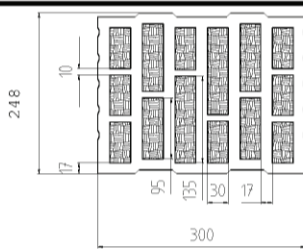
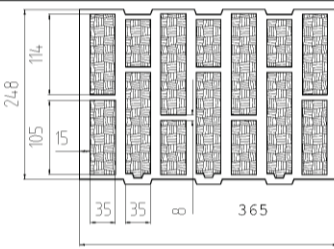
fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance SXR 10 / SXRL 10 for use in hollow or perforated masonry

**Annex C 9**

**Table C10.1: SXR 10 / SXRL 10 characteristic resistance  $F_{RK}$  in [kN] in hollow or perforated masonry (use category "c")**

Base material [Supplier Title]	Geometry and DF or size (L x W x H) and drilling method  [mm]	Min. compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] / bulk density $\rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Characteristic resistance $F_{RK}$ [kN]	
			SXR 10 $h_{nom}$ 50mm	SXRL 10 $h_{nom}$ 70mm
			50/80 °C	50/80 °C
Clay brick, HLz acc. to DIN EN 771-1:2011 +A1:2014, e.g. <b>Wienerberger</b> , <b>BS</b>	 DF (240x110x52) by hammer drilling	28/1,5	<b>2,5</b>	-
		20/1,5	<b>2,0</b>	-
		10/1,5	<b>1,2</b>	-
Clay brick, HLz acc. to EN 771-1:2011, e.g. <b>Schlagmann</b> <i>Poroton S 11</i>	 (248x365x250) by rotary drilling	8/0,8	-	<b>1,5</b>
		6/0,8	-	<b>1,2</b>
		4/0,8	-	<b>0,75</b>
Clay brick, HLz acc. to EN 771-1:2011, e.g. <b>Schlagmann</b> <i>Poroton S 10</i>	 (248x300x249) by rotary drilling	6/0,7	-	<b>1,5</b>
		4/0,7	-	<b>0,9</b>
Clay brick, HLz acc. to EN 771-1:2011, e.g. <b>Schlagmann</b> <i>Poroton T8</i>	 (248x365x249) by rotary drilling	4/0,6	-	<b>1,2</b>
		2/0,6	-	<b>0,6</b>
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Mm}$ <sup>5)</sup>	<b>2,5</b>	

Footnotes see Annex C7

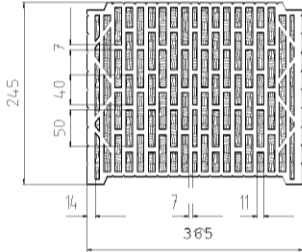
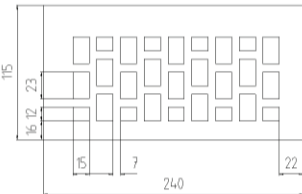
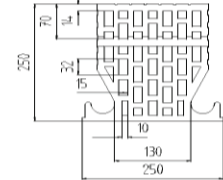
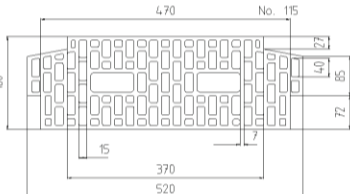
fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance SXR 10 / SXRL 10 for use in hollow or perforated masonry

**Annex C 10**

**Table C11.1: SXRL 10 characteristic resistance  $F_{RK}$  in [kN] in hollow or perforated masonry (use category "c")**

Base material [Supplier Title]	Geometry and DF or size (L x W x H) and drilling method  [mm]	Min. compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] / bulk density $\rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Characteristic resistance $F_{RK}$ [kN]
			<b>SXRL 10</b> <b><math>h_{nom}</math> 70mm</b>
			50/80 °C
Clay brick, HLz acc. to EN 771-1:2011, e.g. <b>Hörl &amp; Hartmann</b> <i>Coriso WS 09</i>	 (245x365x248) by rotary drilling	6/0,8	<b>0,9</b>
		4/0,8	<b>0,6</b>
		2/0,8	<b>0,3</b>
Clay brick, KHLz acc. to EN 771-1:2011, e.g. <b>Wienerberger</b> <i>VHLz</i>	 2 DF (240x115x113) by rotary drilling	48/1,6	<b>4,5</b>
		20/1,6	<b>1,5</b>
		10/1,6	<b>0,9</b>
Ceiling block acc. to DIN 4159:2014-05, e.g. <b>Hörl &amp; Hartmann</b> <i>ceiling block</i>	 (250x250x190) by rotary drilling	10/0,7	<b>2,0</b>
		8/0,7	<b>1,5</b>
		6/0,7	<b>1,2</b>
Ceiling clay block acc. to EN 15037- 3:2011, e.g. <b>Hörl &amp; Hartmann</b> <i>block for beam-and- block ceilings</i>	 (250x520x180) by rotary drilling	8/0,7	<b>1,5</b>
		6/0,7	<b>1,2</b>
		4/0,7	<b>0,9</b>
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Mm}$ <sup>5)</sup>	<b>2,5</b>

Footnotes see Annex C7

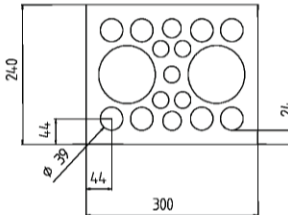
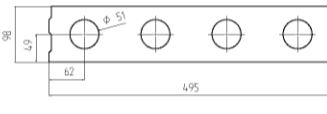
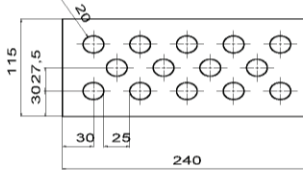
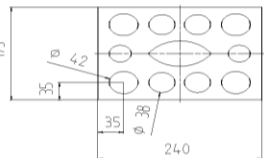
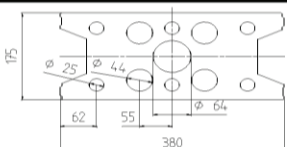
fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance SXRL 10 for use in hollow or perforated masonry

**Annex C 11**

**Table C12.1: SXR 10 / SXRL 10 characteristic resistance  $F_{RK}$  in [kN] in hollow or perforated masonry (use category "c")**

Base material [Supplier Title]	Geometry and DF or size (L x W x H) and drilling method  [mm]	Min. compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] / bulk density $\rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Characteristic resistance $F_{RK}$ [kN]	
			SXR 10 $h_{nom}$ 50mm	SXRL 10 $h_{nom}$ 70mm
			50/80 °C	50/80 °C
Hollow calcium silicate brick, acc. to DIN V 106:2005-10, EN 771-2:2011 e.g. <b>KS Wemding, KSL</b>	 5 DF(300x240x115) by hammer drilling	16/1,4	<b>3,0 / 3,5<sup>3)4)</sup></b>	-
		10/1,4	<b>1,5</b>	
	 (495x98x248) by hammer drilling P10	6/1,2	<b>1,5</b>	-
			<b>2,0<sup>3)</sup> / 2,5<sup>3)4)</sup></b>	
Hollow calcium silicate brick acc. to DIN V 106:2005-10, EN 771-2:2011 e.g. <b>KS Wemding, KSL</b>	 2 DF (240x115x113) by hammer drilling	12/1,4	<b>2,0 / 2,5<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>2,5</b>
		10/1,4	<b>2,0</b>	<b>2,0</b>
		8/1,4	<b>1,5</b>	<b>1,5</b>
	 3 DF (240x175x113) by hammer drilling	16/1,4	-	<b>1,5</b>
		10/1,4	-	<b>0,9</b>
		8/1,4	-	<b>0,75</b>
		6/1,4	-	<b>0,6</b>
Hollow calcium silicate brick acc. to DIN V 106:2005-10, EN 771-2:2011 e.g. <b>Xella, KS</b>	 9 DF (380x175x240) by hammer drilling	20/1,4	-	<b>3,5</b>
		10/1,4	-	<b>2,0</b>
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Mm}$ <sup>5)</sup>	<b>2,5</b>	

Footnotes see Annex C7

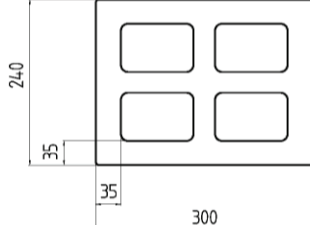
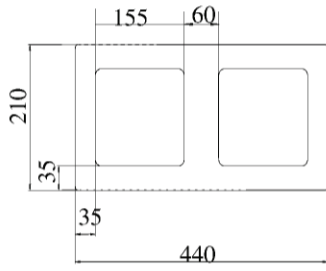
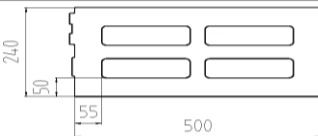
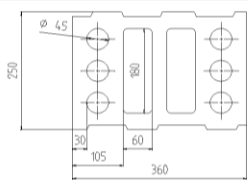
fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance SXR 10 / SXRL 10 for use in hollow or perforated masonry

**Annex C 12**

**Table C13.1: SXR 10 / SXRL 10 characteristic resistance  $F_{RK}$  in [kN] in hollow or perforated masonry (use category "c")**

Base material [Supplier Title]	Geometry and DF or size (L x W x H) and drilling method  [mm]	Min. compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] / bulk density $\rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Characteristic resistance $F_{RK}$ [kN]	
			SXR 10 $h_{nom}$ 50mm	SXRL 10 $h_{nom}$ 70mm
			50/80 °C	50/80 °C
Hollow brick normal concrete, e.g. acc. to DIN V 18151- 100:2005, EN 771-3:2011, e.g. <b>Adolf Blatt, Hbn</b>	 (300x240x240) by hammer drilling	6/1,6	<b>2,5</b>	<b>2,0</b>
Hollow brick lightweight concrete, e.g. acc. to DIN V18153- 100:2005- 10, EN 771-3, e.g. <b>KLB, Hbl</b>		2/1,2	<b>1,5</b>	-
Hollow brick lightweight concrete, e.g. acc. to EN 771-3, e.g. <b>Roadstone masonry</b>	 (440x210x215) by hammer drilling	10/1,2	-	<b>2,5</b>
		8/1,2	<b>2,5</b>	<b>2,0</b>
		6/1,6	<b>2,0</b>	<b>1,5</b>
Hollow brick lightweight concrete, acc. to EN 771-3, e.g. <b>Knobel</b>	 (240x500x240) by rotary drilling	2/0,7	-	<b>2,5</b>
Hollow brick lightweight concrete, e.g. acc. to DIN V 18151-100, EN 771-3, e.g. <b>KLB, Hbl</b>	 (250x360x250) by rotary drilling	2/0,9	-	<b>0,75</b>
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Mm}$ <sup>5)</sup>	<b>2,5</b>	

Footnotes see Annex C7

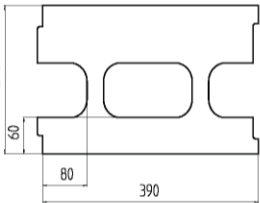
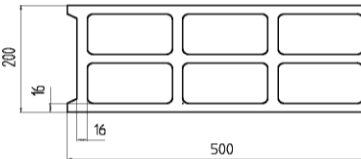
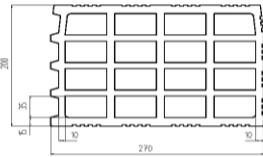
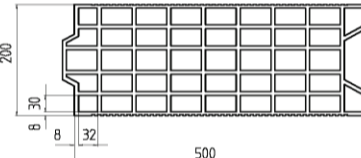
fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

Annex C 13

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance SXR 10 / SXRL 10 for use in hollow or perforated masonry

**Table C14.1: SXR 10 / SXRL 10 characteristic resistance  $F_{Rk}$  in [kN] in solid masonry and hollow or perforated masonry (use categories "b" + "c")**

Base material [Supplier Title]	Geometry and DF or size (L x W x H) and drilling method  [mm]	Min. compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] / bulk density $\rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Characteristic resistance $F_{Rk}$ [kN]	
			SXR 10 $h_{nom}$ 50mm	SXRL 10 $h_{nom}$ 70mm
			50/80 °C	50/80 °C
Solid brick, normal weight concrete, e.g. <b>Tarmac</b> , <i>Vbn</i>	(440x100x215) by hammer drilling	16/1,8	<b>4,0 / 4,5<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>5,5</b>
		10/1,8	<b>2,5 / 3,0<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>3,5</b>
Solid brick, lightweight concrete, e.g. <b>Tarmac</b> , <i>Vbl</i>	(440x100x215) by rotary drilling	6/1,4	<b>2,0 / 2,5<sup>2)</sup></b>	<b>2,0 / 3,0<sup>3)</sup></b>
Heat insulation block e.g. <b>Gisoton WDB</b>	 10 DF (390x240x240) by hammer drilling	2/0,7	<b>1,5</b>	-
Hollow block, lightweight concrete, acc. to NF-P 14- 301, EN 771-3:2011, e.g. <b>Sepa Parpaing</b> , <i>Hbl</i>	 (500x200x200) by rotary drilling	6/0,9	-	<b>0,5</b>
		4/0,9	<b>0,9/1,2<sup>2)</sup>/1,5<sup>2)4)</sup></b>	<b>0,3</b>
Clay bricks, HLz acc. to NF-P 13-301 EN 771-1:2011, e.g. <b>Imerys</b> <i>Gelimatic</i>	 (500x200x270) by rotary drilling	6/0,6	<b>0,6 / 0,75<sup>2)4)</sup></b>	<b>1,5</b>
		4/0,6	-	<b>0,9</b>
		2/0,6	-	<b>0,5</b>
Clay bricks, HLz acc. to NF-P 13-301 EN 771-1:2011, e.g. <b>Terreal Calibric</b>	 (500x200x220) by rotary drilling	8/0,7	<b>0,6 / 0,75<sup>2)4)</sup></b>	<b>0,9</b>
		6/0,7	-	<b>0,75</b>
		4/0,7	-	<b>0,4</b>
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Mm}$ <sup>5)</sup>	<b>2,5</b>	

Footnotes see Annex C7

fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

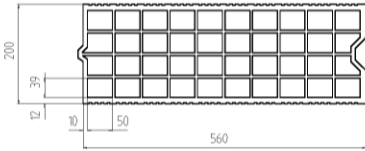
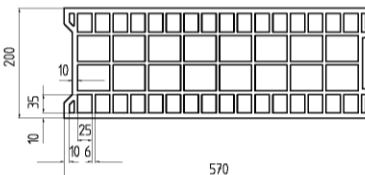
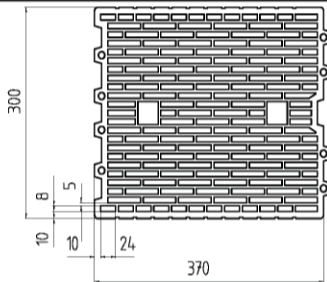
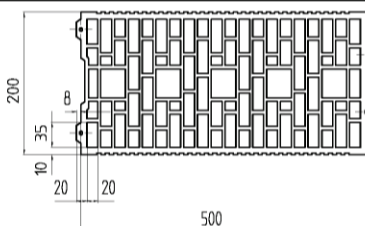
Annex C 14

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance SXR 10 / SXRL 10 for use in hollow or perforated masonry



**Table C15.1: SXR 10 / SXRL 10 characteristic resistance  $F_{Rk}$  in [kN] in solid masonry and hollow or perforated masonry (use category “c”)**

Base material [Supplier Title]	Geometry and DF or size (L x W x H) and drilling method  [mm]	Min. compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] / bulk density $\rho$ [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Characteristic resistance $F_{Rk}$ [kN]	
			SXR 10 $h_{nom}$ 50mm	SXRL 10 $h_{nom}$ 70mm
			50/80 °C	50/80 °C
Clay bricks Form B, HLz acc. to NF-P 13-301, EN 771-1:2011, e.g. <b>Imerys Optibric</b>	 (560x200x275) by rotary drilling	10/0,6	<b>1,2</b>	<b>1,5</b>
		8/0,6	-	<b>1,2</b>
		6/0,6	-	<b>0,9</b>
		4/0,6	-	<b>0,6</b>
Clay brick, HLz acc. to NF-P 13-301, EN 771-1:2011, e.g. <b>Bouyer Leroux BGV</b>	 (570x200x315) by rotary drilling	6/0,6	<b>0,75 / 0,9<sup>3)</sup> / 1,2<sup>3)4)</sup></b>	<b>0,9</b>
Clay brick, HLz acc. to NF-P 13-301, EN 771-1:2011, e.g. <b>Wienerberger Porotherm 30 R</b>	 (370x300x249) by rotary drilling	10/0,7	<b>0,5 / 0,6<sup>3)</sup></b>	-
Clay brick Form B, HLz acc. NF-P 13-301 EN 771-1:2011, e.g. <b>Wienerberger Porotherm GF R20</b>	 (500x200x299) by rotary drilling	10/0,7	<b>0,6 / 0,75<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>0,9</b>
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Mm}$ <sup>5)</sup>	<b>2,5</b>	

Footnotes see Annex C7

fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

Annex C 15

**Performances**

Characteristic resistance SXR 10 / SXRL 10 for use in hollow or perforated masonry

**Table C16.1: SXR 10 / SXRL 10 characteristic resistance  $F_{RK}$  in [kN] in autoclaved aerated concrete (AAC) , use category "d"**

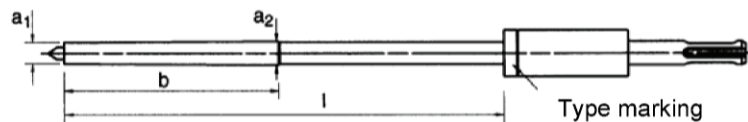
Base material	Min. compressive strength $f_b$ [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Characteristic resistance $F_{RK}$ [kN] SXR 10			Characteristic resistance $F_{RK}$ [kN] SXRL 10		
		Drilling method	$h_{nom}$ 50mm		Drilling method	50/80 °C	
			30/50 °C	50/80 °C		$h_{nom1}$ 70mm	$h_{nom2}$ 90mm
Autoclaved aerated concrete blocks, e.g. AAC acc. to DIN V 4165-100: 2005-10, EN 771-4	2	with AAC hole punch <sup>2)</sup> , using the hammer drilling of the power drill	0,5	0,4	hammer or rotary drilling	0,75	0,9
	3		0,5	0,4		1,2	1,5
	4	Drill bit, rotary drilling-	0,9	0,75		2,0	2,5
	6		0,9	0,75		3,0	4,0
Partial safety factor					$\gamma_{MAA}$ <sup>1)</sup>	2,0	

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

<sup>2)</sup> For the fixing in autoclaved aerated concrete with a nominal compressive strength  $f_{ck} < 4$  N/mm<sup>2</sup> the hole is made by using the accompanying AAC Hole Punch according Table C15.2.

**Table C15.2: Assignment AAC Hole Punch type – anchor type (length) only for AAC2 SXR 10**

Hole Punch only for SXR 10 $h_{nom} = 50$ mm in AAC2					Anchor type (length)
Type	$a_1$	$a_2$	b	l	
GBS 10 x 80	9	10	80	85	SXR 10 x 52 SXR 10 x 60 SXR 10 x 80
GBS 10 x 100				105	SXR 10 x 100
GBS 10 x 135			140	SXR 10 x 120	
GBS 10 x 160			90	165	SXR 10 x 140 SXR 10 x 160
GBS 10 x 185				190	SXR 10 x 180
GBS 10 x 230				235	SXR 10 x 200 SXR 10 x 230



fischer frame fixing SXR / SXRL

**Performances**  
Characteristic resistance SXR 10 / SXRL 10 for use in autoclaved aerated concrete

**Annex C 16**